

Current status and Future Plan for Niobium Production in Tokyo Denkai

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Contents

- History of Nb production in Tokyo Denkai.
- How to produce fine grain Nb?
- Electron Beam Melting Furnaces.
- Present production capability.
- Future production capability.
- Specification.

History of Nb production in Tokyo Denkai

History

- 1950 Tokyo Denkai has been established.
- 1962 1st EBMF(130kw) has been installed.
- 1968 Nb business has been launched to oblige JAERI's request for neutron irradiation capsule material.
- 1973 2nd EBMF(200kw) has been installed.

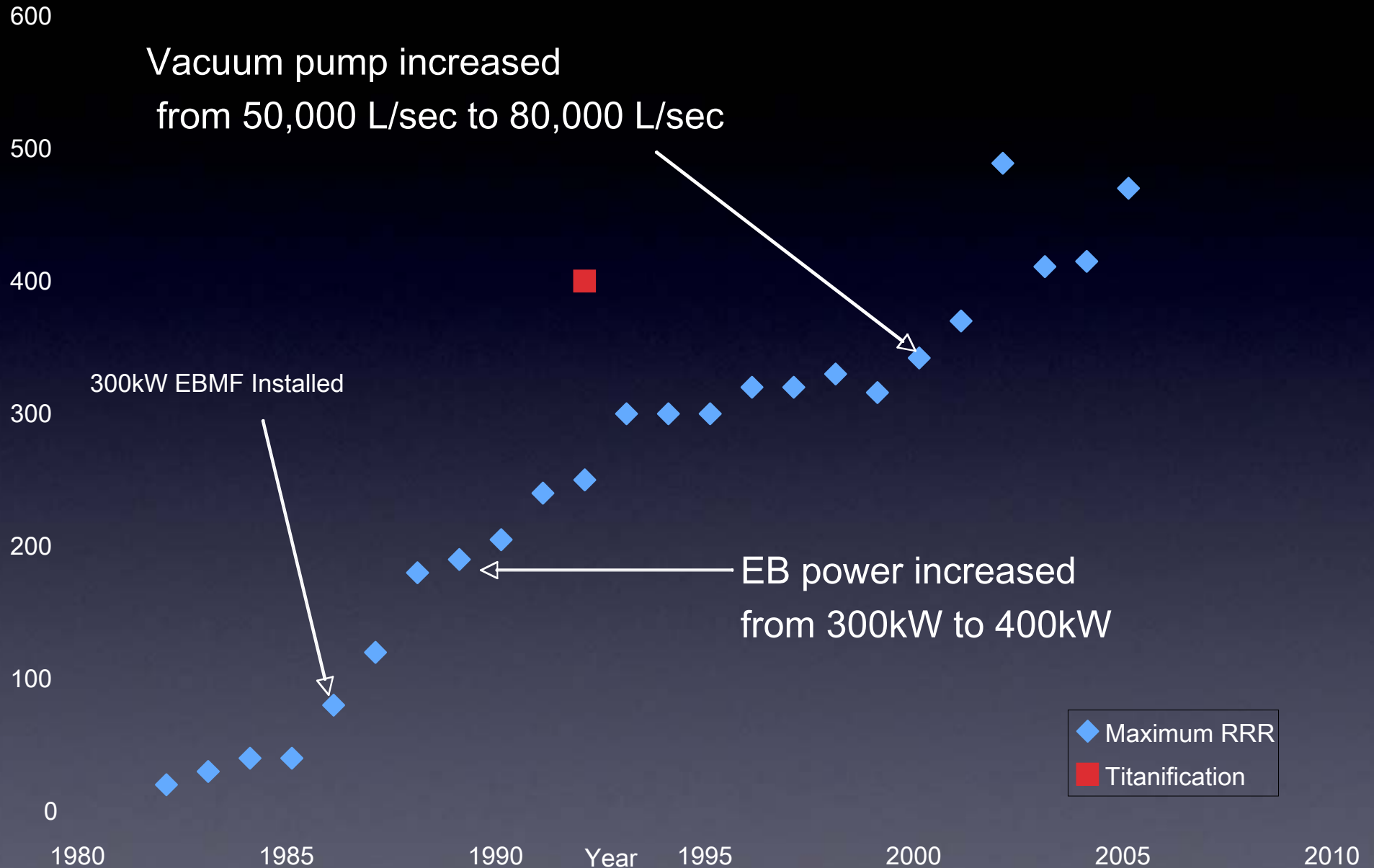
History

- 1985 High purity Nb development has been started under the guidance from KEK.
- 3rd **EBMF**(300kW→400kW) has been installed in 1986.
- The Niobium sheets have been adopted by KEK for **TRISTAN MR SC Cavity** in 1987.
- In house **RRR measurement** has been started in 1988.

History

- TD started to supply Nb sheets for TTF at DESY in 1996.
- 4th EBMF(600kW) has been installed in 1996.
- TD provided Niobium items as material of SC cavities of CESR, TLS and CLS in 2000.
- TD won a bid for 1/3 of SC Cavity material for SNS in 2000.
- 5th EBMF(1200kW) has been installed in 2003.

Progress in RRR



Equipment introduction plan

- 6th EBMF(600kW) is under installation.
- 7th EBMF(600kW) will be installed in early 2007.
- 8th EBMF(600kW) will be installed in 2007.

Electron Beam Melting Furnaces

EBMF No. 1

Gun Power 130kW
Installed in 1962
Made by Leybold
Heraeus Retired in
1970'

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EBMF No. 2

Gun Power 200kW
Installed in 1973
Made by JEOL
Crucible Diameter
Ta: Max 110 mm,
Nb: Max 120 mm



EBMF No. 3

Gun Power 400kW

Installed in 1986

Made by Leybold Heraeus

Crucible Diameter

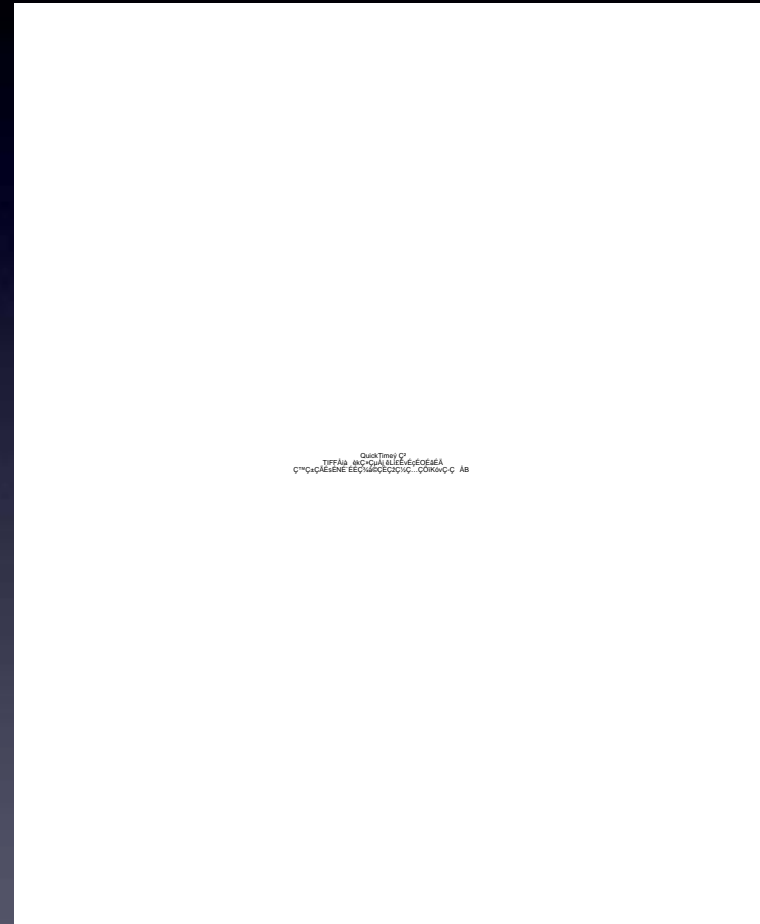
Ta: 140 mm (Max 160mm)

Nb: 230 mm (Max 250mm)



EBMF No. 4

Gun Power 600kW
Installed in 1996
Made by ALD Vacuum
Technology GmbH
Crucible
Diameter Ta: 200 mm
Nb: 250 mm (Max 280mm)



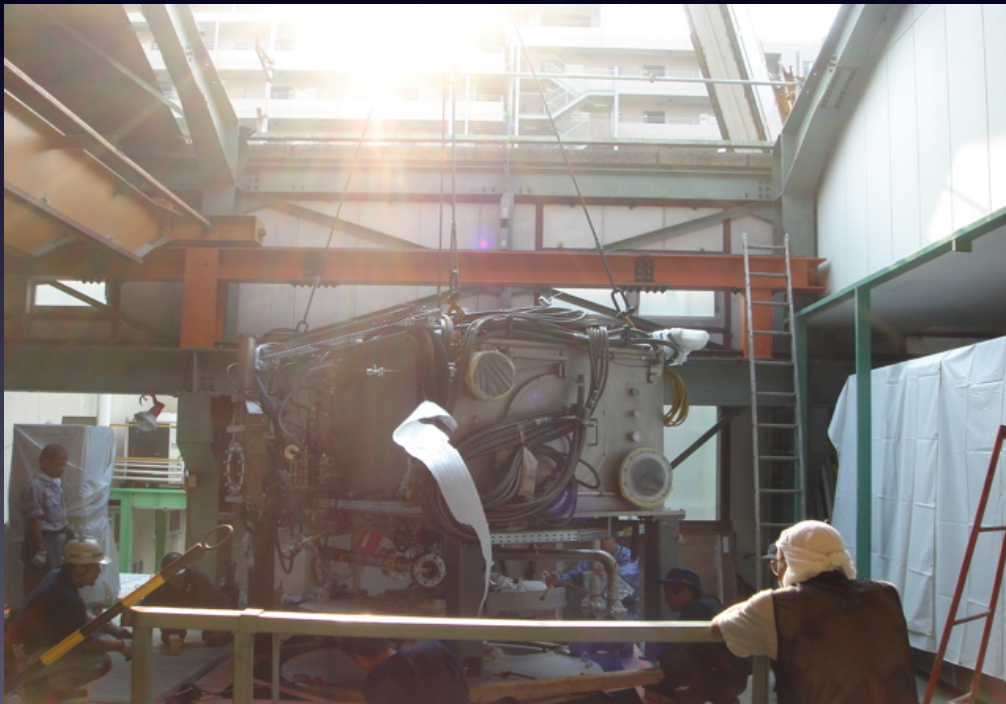
EBMF No. 5

Gun Power 1200kW
Installed in 2002 Made by
ALD Vacuum Technology
GmbH Crucible Diameter
Ta: 200 mm

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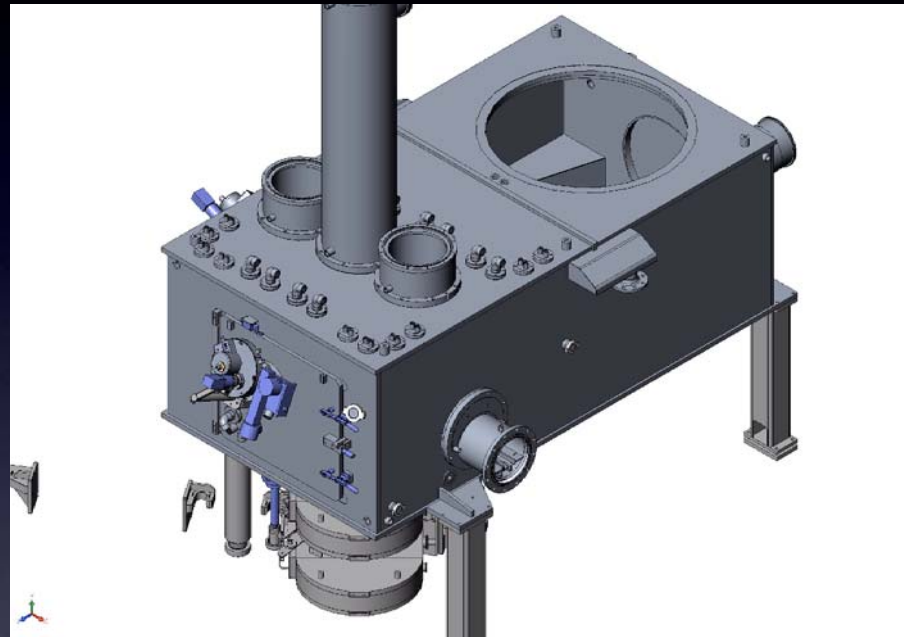
EBMF No. 6

Under installation.



EBMF No. 7 & No.8

Gun Power 600kW
Installed in 2007
Made by ALD Vacuum
Technology GmbH
Crucible DiameterTa: 300 mm

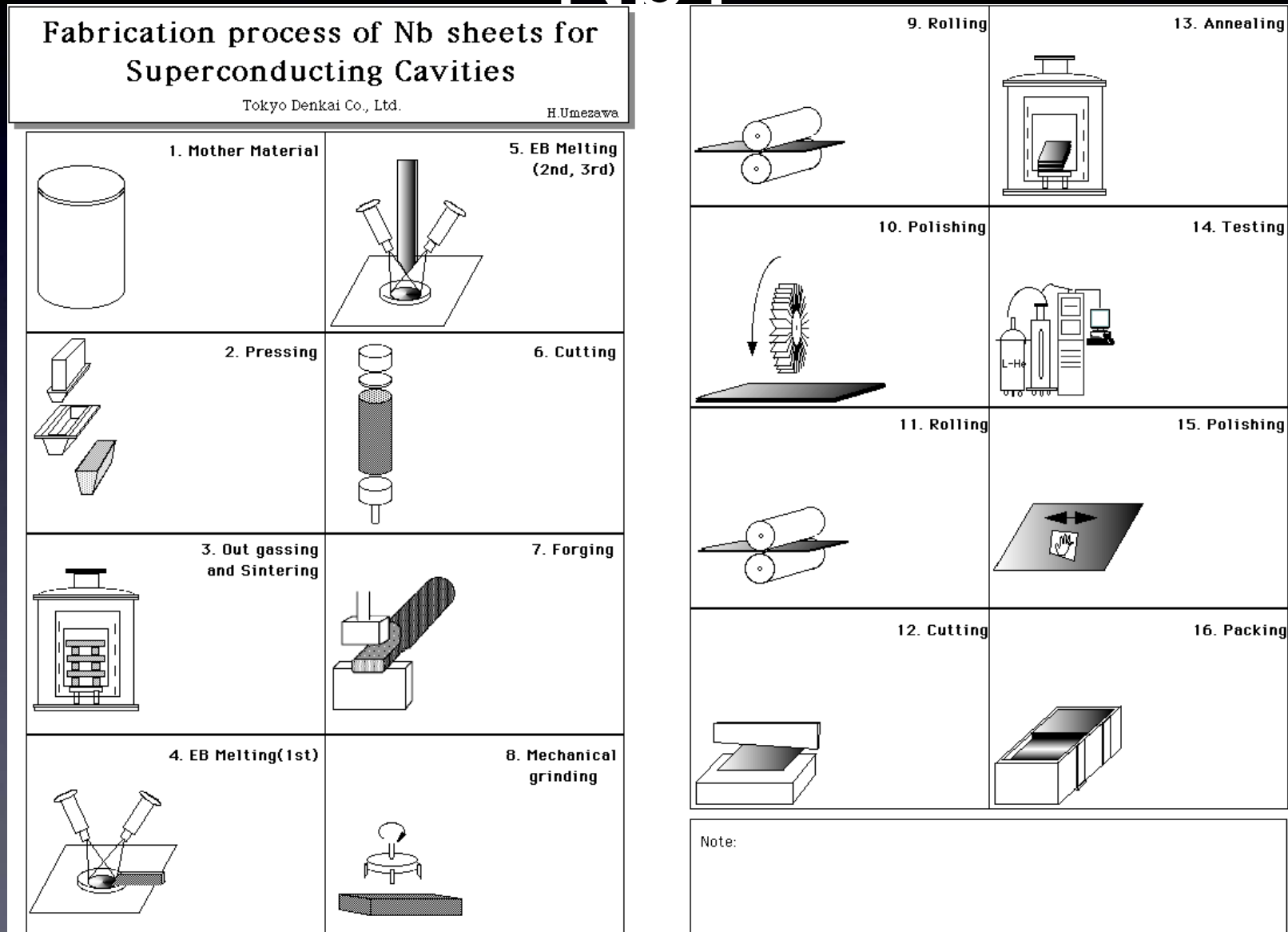


EB Furnaces

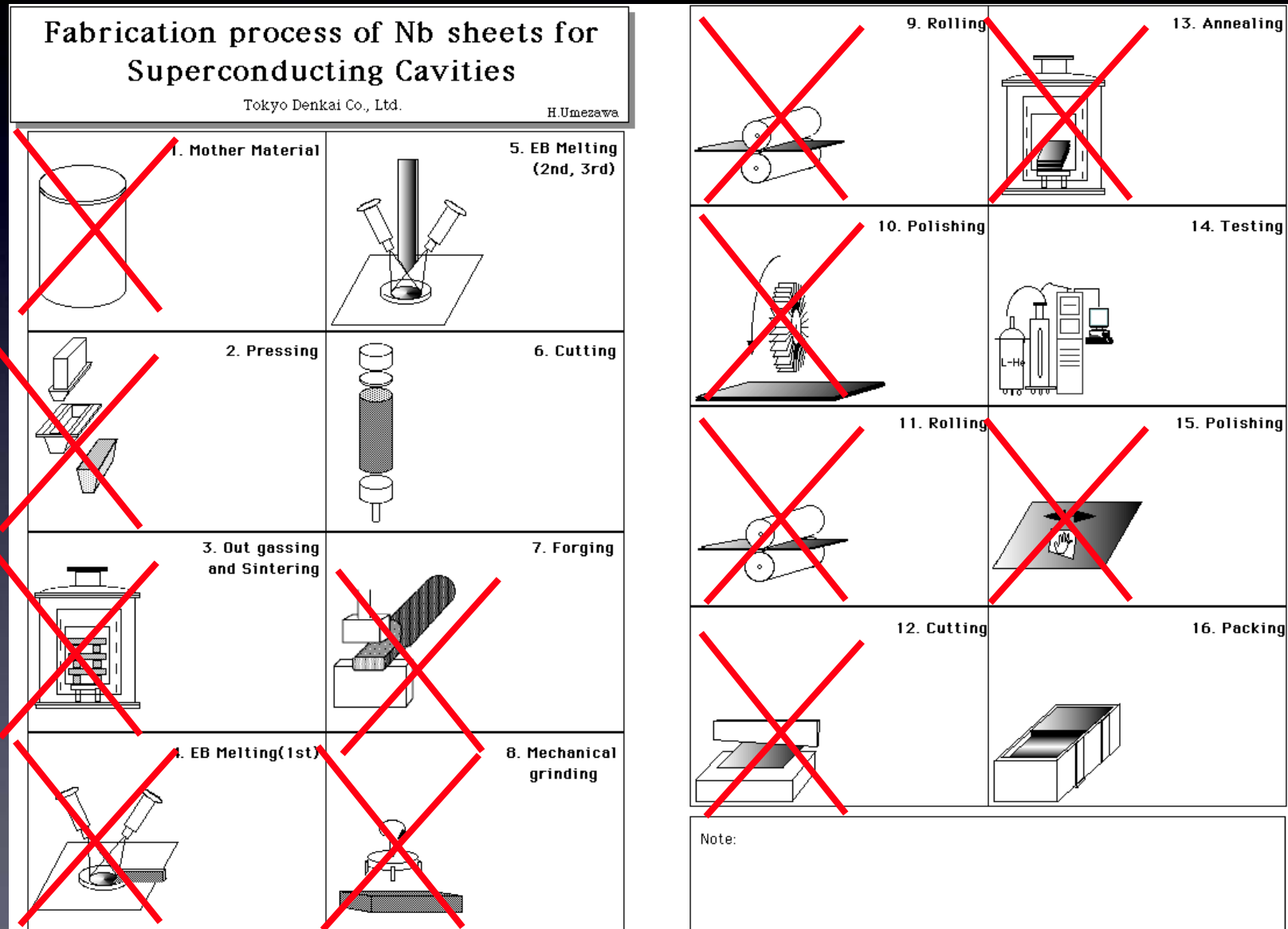
Name	n of Gun	Gun Power	Crucible Size	Pumping Speed	Apprication	Installed
No.2	2	200KW	120 mm	36,000 l/sec	Nb, Ta, Nb based alloy, Test	1973
No.3	2	400KW	250 mm	80,000 l/sec	Nb	1986
No.4	2	600KW	300 mm	80,000 l/sec	Ta	1996
No.5	3	1800KW	500 mm	150,000 l/sec	Ta/Nb	2002
No.6	2	600KW	300 mm	50,000 l/sec	Ta	2006
No.7&8	2	600KW	300 mm	50,000 l/sec	Ta	2007

How to produce fine grain Nb?

How to produce fine grain Nb?



If Single crystal...



Present production capability

Present production capability

- Melting Capacity: 10 ton/year
 - by No.3 EBMF
 - 4 Ingots x 6 times/month
 - 210kg / ingot, (225mmø x 620mm)
 - 840kg/month

Present production capability

- Sheet production Capacity: 20 ton/year
 - 24,000 sheets/year
 - 2.8mm x 265mm x 265mm RRR>300
 - 50 sheets/day
 - 2,000 sheets/month

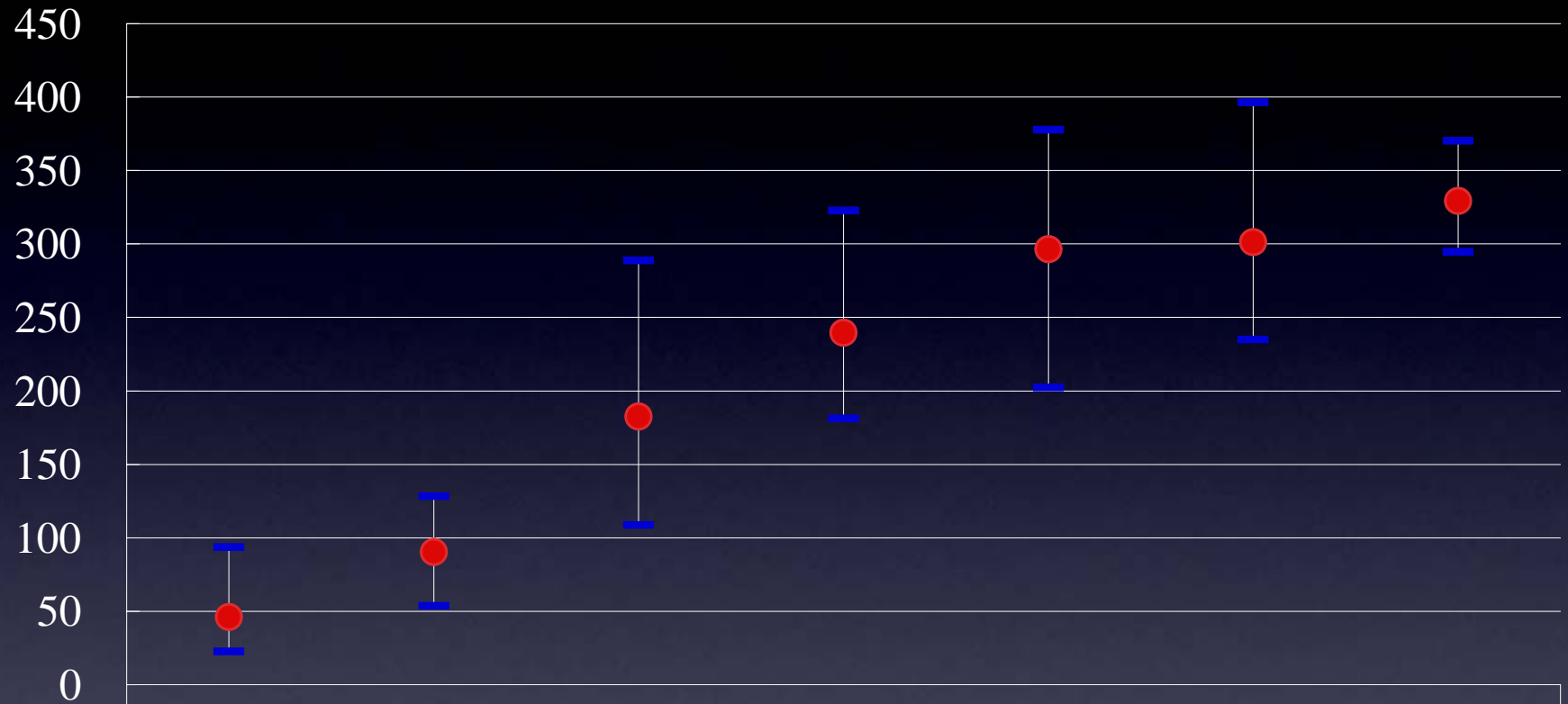
Future production capability

Future production capability

- Melting Capacity:
 - 20 ton/year (July 2007-)
 - 30 ton/year (December 2007-)
- by using of No.3 and No.5 EBMF

Specification

Change of RRR over melting times



Melting Times

— Max
● Average
— Min

A/R

1

2

3

4

5

6

93

128

289

323

378

396

370

46

90

183

240

296

301

329

23

54

109

181

202

235

295

Conclusion

- Present capability of niobium sheets production is 24,000 sheets(20 ton)/year.
- But, melting capacity is 10 ton/year (in case of $RRR > 300$ ingot).

Conclusion

- July 2007, TD will convert a purpose of No.5 EBF from Ta to Nb.
- Niobium melting capability will increase to 20 ton/year. And capability of 30 ton/year will be expected in 2008.

Conclusion

- The relaxation of the RRR specifications is effective.